



Dehydrated Culture Media  
Bases / Media Supplements

## Technical Information

### Sabouraud Dextrose Agar

#### Product Code: DM 1063H

**Application:** Sabouraud Dextrose Agar is recommended for the cultivation of yeasts, moulds and aciduric bacteria from pharmaceutical product in accordance with the microbial limit testing by harmonized methodology of USP/EP/BP/JP.

#### Composition\*\*

Ingredients	Gms / Litre
Dextrose	40.000
Mixture of peptic digest of animal tissue & pancreatic digest of casein (1:1)	10.000
Agar	15.000
pH after sterilization (at 25°C)	5.6±0.2

\*\*Formula adjusted, standardized to suit performance parameters

#### Principle & Interpretation

Fungi were among the first microorganism recognized because some of the fruiting structures, such as the mushrooms, are large enough to be seen without a microscope. Fungi can be grouped simply on the basis of morphology as either yeasts or moulds<sup>(1)</sup>. Fungal diseases that occur on the skin, hair and mucous membrane are called superficial mycoses, and the organism that cause them, the dermatophytes<sup>(2)</sup>. When fungi are to be isolated, it is good practice to use a medium that favors their growth but is not optimal for the growth of bacteria.

Sabouraud Dextrose Agar is Carliers modification<sup>(3)</sup> of the formulation described by Sabouraud<sup>(4)</sup> for the cultivation of fungi (yeasts, moulds), and aciduric microorganisms. Sabouraud Dextrose Agar is recommended for microbiological examination of non-sterile products in accordance with harmonized method of USP/EP/BP/JP<sup>(5-8)</sup>. This medium is also employed in microbial limit tests in pharmaceutical testing, food, cosmetics, and clinical specimens<sup>(9)</sup>.

Peptic digest of animal tissue and pancreatic digest of casein provides nitrogenous compounds. Dextrose provides an energy source. High dextrose concentration and low pH favors fungal growth and inhibits contaminating bacteria from clinical specimens<sup>(10)</sup>.

Some pathogenic fungi may produce infective spores, which are easily dispersed in air, so examination should be carried out in safety cabinet. For heavily contaminated samples, the plate must be supplemented with inhibitory agents for inhibiting bacterial growth. Growth of white colonies may be indicative of presence of *Candida albicans*. The total combined yeast and molds count is considered to be equal to the number of colony forming unit found using this medium, If bacterial colonies are detected they are counted as part of total yeast and mold count. In case the bacterial colonies exceeds the acceptance criterion, then antibiotics can be supplemented in this medium.

#### Methodology

Suspend 65 grams of powder media in 1000 ml purified/ distilled water. Shake well & heat to dissolve the medium completely. Sterilize by autoclaving at 15 lbs pressure (121°C) for 15 minutes or as per validated cycle. Pour in sterile Petri plates.

#### Quality Control

##### Physical Appearance

Cream to yellow homogeneous free flowing powder

##### Gelling

Firm, comparable with 1.5% Agar gel

##### Colour and Clarity of prepared medium

Light amber coloured clear to slightly opalescent gel forms in Petri plates.

**Reaction:** Reaction of 6.5% w/v aqueous solution at 25°C: pH 5.6±0.2

**pH Range:-** 5.40-5.80

##### Growth Promotion Test

Growth Promotion was carried out in accordance with the method of USP, after an incubation at 30-35 °C for 24-48 hours. Recovery rate is considered as 100% for bacteria growth on Soybean Casein Digest Agar and fungus growth on Sabouraud Dextrose Agar

##### Growth Promoting Properties

Growth of microorganism comparable to that previously obtained with previously tested and approved lot of medium occurs at the specified temperature for not more than the shortest period of time specified inoculating  $\leq$  100 cfu (at 30-35°C for  $\leq$ 24 hours).





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### Indicative properties

Colonies are comparable in appearance and indication reaction to those previously obtained with previously tested and approved lot of medium occurs for the specified temperature for a period of time within the range specified inoculating  $\leq 100$ cfu (at 30-35°C for 24-48 hours).

Organism	Inoculum (CFU)	Incubation temperature	Incubation period
<b>Growth Promotion + Indicative</b>			
<i>Candida albicans</i> ATCC 10231	50-100	30-35 <sup>o</sup> c	18 -24 hrs
<b>Growth Promotion + Total yeast and mould count</b>			
<i>Candida albicans</i> ATCC 10231	50-100	30-35 <sup>o</sup> c	18 -24 hrs
<i>Aspergillus brasiliensis</i> ATCC 16404	50-100	30-35 <sup>o</sup> c	18 -24 hrs
<b>Additional Microbiological Testing</b>			
<i>Candida albicans</i> ATCC 2091	50-100	30-35 <sup>o</sup> c	18 -24 hrs
<i>Saccharomyces cerevisiae</i> ATCC 9763	50-100	30-35 <sup>o</sup> c	18 -24 hrs
<i>Escherichia coli</i> ATCC 25922	50-100	30-35 <sup>o</sup> c	18 -24 hrs
<i>Escherichia coli</i> NCTC 9002	50-100	30-35 <sup>o</sup> c	18 -24 hrs
<i>Trichophyton rubrum</i> ATCC 28191	50-100	30-35 <sup>o</sup> c	18 -24 hrs
<i>Lactobacillus casei</i> ATCC 334	50-100	30-35 <sup>o</sup> c	18 -24 hrs

Key : \* - Formerly known as *Aspergillus brasiliensis*

### Storage and Shelf Life-

**Dried Media:** Store below 30°C in tightly closed container and use before expiry date as mentioned on the label.

**Prepared Media:** 2-8<sup>o</sup> in sealable plastic bags for 2-5 days.

### Further Reading

1. Murray P. R., Baron J. H., Pfaller M. A., Tenover J. C. and Tenover F. C., (Ed.), 2003, Manual of Clinical Microbiology, 8th Ed., American Society for Microbiology, Washington, D.C.
2. Pelczar M. J., Jr., Reid R. D., Chan E. C. S., 1977, Microbiology, 4th Ed, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd, New Delhi
3. Carlier G. I. M., 1948, Brit. J. Derm. Syph., 60:61.
4. Sabouraud K., 1892, Ann. Dermatol. Syphilol, 3:1061
5. The United States Pharmacopoeia, 2011, The United States Pharmacopoeial Convention. Rockville, MD.
6. British Pharmacopoeia, 2011, The Stationery office British Pharmacopoeia.
7. European Pharmacopoeia, 2011, European Dept. for the quality of Medicines.
8. Japanese Pharmacopoeia, 2008.

### Disclaimer :

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